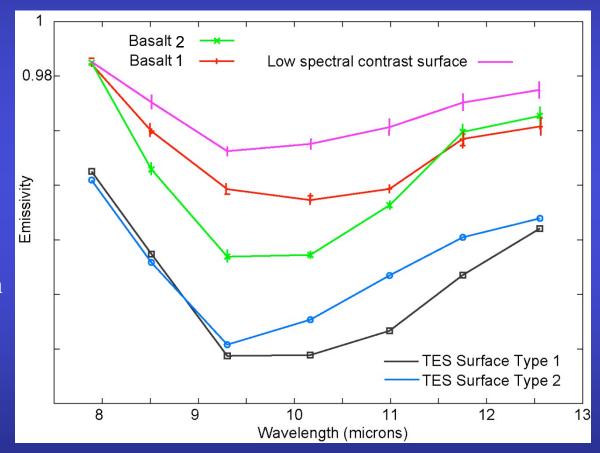
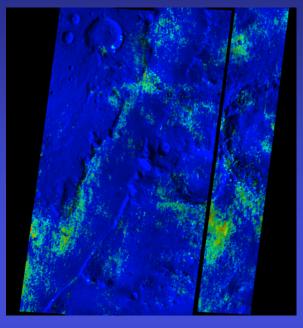
## Nili Trough THEMIS spectral endmembers

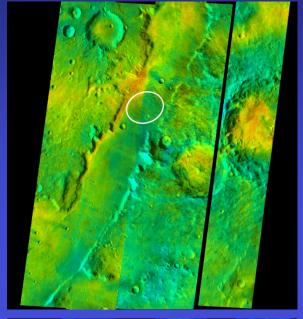
- Basalt 1 surface is similar to Surface Type 1
- Basalt 2 surface is intermediate between TES Surface Types 1 and 2
- Dust and blackbody distributions represent varying contributions from dust or particle size /surface texture



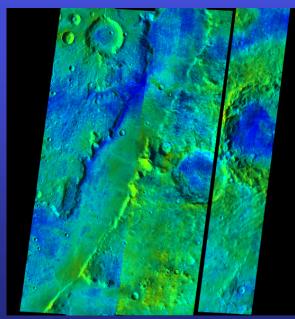
## THEMIS spectral unit mosaics



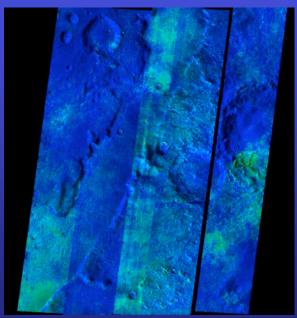
Basalt 1 Olivine (0-0.10)



Basalt 2 (0-1.3)



Blackbody/ dust (0 to 1.0)

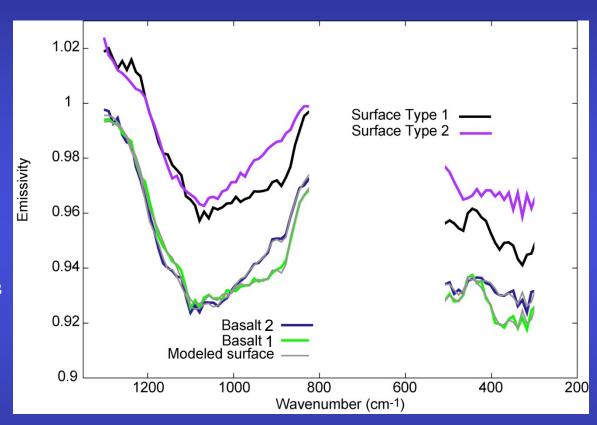


RMS Error (0-0.01)

Nili Trough

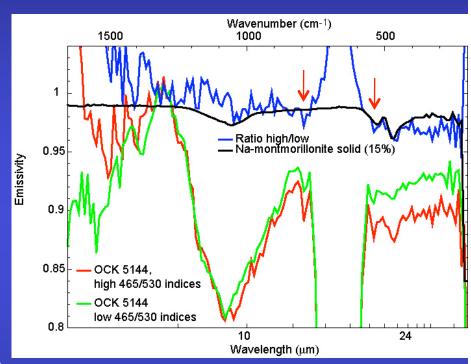
### TES analysis of THEMIS spectral units

- All surfaces have significant plagioclase, pyroxene, with lesser high silica phases (~15-35%)
- Olivine/pyroxene are inversely correlated with high silica phases
  - Similar to global Surface Types
    1 and 1/2
  - Differences are slight, but may be consistent with variable alteration?



#### TES Indices and Ratios

- Ratio spectra and 465 and 530 cm<sup>-1</sup> indices can give a more precise indication of phyllosilicates (*Ruff and Christensen*, 2007)
- Ratio spectrum has strong 465 cm<sup>-1</sup> feature but smectite doublet is absent
  - Only 1 "detection" using ratios and indices – false positive due to CO<sub>2</sub>
  - Upper limit on phyllosilicate abundance: 10-20% (can be much higher if present as loose, fine particles)
  - Similar to Marwth analysis but Mawrth has additional high-Si phases present within phyllosilicate areas



## Summary

- Two units with compositions similar to basalt are identified in TES/THEMIS data
  - Both contain significant plagioclase, pyroxene, and high-silica phases
  - Units are distinguished by inversely correlated olivine/pyroxene and high-silica phase abundance and differences are likely attributed to slight alteration
- Phyllosilicates observed by CRISM are not clearly detected with deconvolution, indices, or ratios
  - The disparity can be attributed to low abundance or texture/particle size effects
- TES dust cover index values and THEMIS data indicate moderate-to-low dust cover in the region
- Similar to Mawrth Valles, but compositional variation is not as strong and possible alteration products are not as significant in TIR data



# TES analysis of THEMIS spectral units

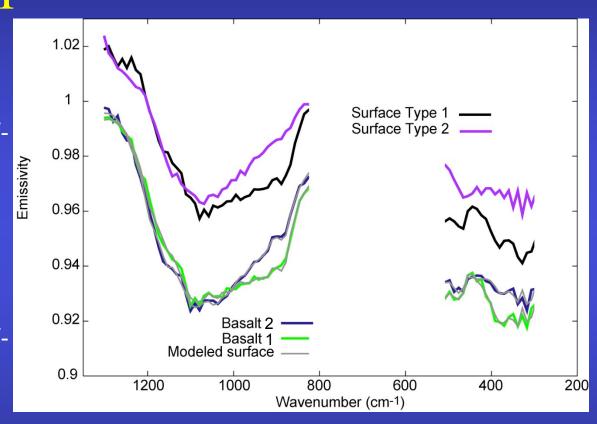
#### Modeled abundances

#### Basalt 1

Feldspar	33 +/- 4 %
Pyroxene	29 +/
Olivine	9 +/- 3
High-silica*	15 +/- 5
Other**	13

#### Basalt 2

Feldspar	32 +/- 5 %
Pyroxene	26 +
Olivine	6 +/- 2
High-silica*	20 +/- 4
Other**	17



<sup>\*&</sup>quot;High-silica phases": silica glass, opal, zeolite, clay (cannot reliably distinguish these)

<sup>\*\*</sup>Other: carbonate, sulfate, hematite, amphibole, quartz (individually modeled at 0-9%, below det. limits)